## The Prior Authorization List

For BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina and BlueChoice Health Plan
Effective 11/1/2019







Yellow-Codes being removed from PA (does not imply coverage)

Green - Codes being added to PA

## **Codes Requiring Prior Authorization**

Procedure	<u>quiring i fior Authorization</u>	PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
	Description		, , , , , ,
<u>Code</u>		••	
81120	IDH1 (isocitrate dehydrogenase 1 [NADP+], soluble) (e.g.,	Yes	Yes
	glioma), common variants (e.g., R132H, R132C)  IDH2 (isocitrate dehydrogenase 2 [NADP+], mitochondrial)	Yes	Yes
81121	(e.g., glioma), common variants (e.g., R140W, R172M)	162	res
	DMD (dystrophin) (e.g., Duchenne/Becker muscular	Yes	Yes
81161	dystrophy) deletion analysis, and duplication analysis, if	163	163
01101	performed		
	BRCA1 (BRCA1, DNA repair associated), BRCA2 (BRCA2, DNA	Yes	Yes
	repair associated) (e.g., hereditary breast and ovarian cancer)		
81162	gene analysis; full sequence analysis and full		
	duplication/deletion analysis (i.e., detection of large gene		
	rearrangements)		
	BRCA1 (BRCA1, DNA repair associated), BRCA2 (BRCA2, DNA	Yes	Yes
81163	repair associated) (e.g., hereditary breast and ovarian cancer)		
	gene analysis (breast cancer 1 and 2) of full sequence		
	BRCA1 (BRCA1, DNA repair associated), BRCA2 (BRCA2, DNA	Yes	Yes
81164	repair associated) (e.g., hereditary breast and ovarian cancer)		
81104	gene analysis; full duplication/deletion analysis (i.e., detection		
	of large gene rearrangements)		
81165	BRCA1 (BRCA1, DNA repair associated) (e.g., hereditary breast	Yes	Yes
81103	and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; full sequence analysis		
	BRCA1 (BRCA1, DNA repair associated) (e.g., hereditary breast	Yes	Yes
81166	and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; full duplication/deletion		
	analysis (i.e., detection of large gene rearrangements)		
	BRCA2 (BRCA2, DNA repair associated) (e.g., hereditary breast	Yes	Yes
81167	and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; full duplication/deletion		
	analysis (i.e., detection of large gene rearrangements)		
	ABL1 (ABL proto-oncogene 1, non-receptor tyrosine kinase)	Yes	Yes
81170	(e.g., acquired imatinib tyrosine kinase inhibitor resistance),		
	gene analysis, variants in the kinase domain		.,
04474	AFF2 (AF4/FMR2 family, member 2 [FMR2]) (e.g., fragile X	Yes	Yes
81171	mental retardation 2 [FRAXE]) gene analysis; evaluation to		
	detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles	<b>V</b>	V
81172	AFF2 (AF4/FMR2 family, member 2 [FMR2]) (e.g., fragile X	Yes	Yes
	mental retardation 2 [FRAXE]) gene analysis; characterization		
	of alleles (e.g., expanded size and methylation status)	Voc	Voc
01172	AR (androgen receptor) (e.g., spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy, Kennedy disease, X chromosome inactivation) gene	Yes	Yes
81173	analysis; full gene sequence		
	anarysis, run gene sequence		



Procedure		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	<u>Description</u>		
<u>coue</u>	AR (androgen receptor) (eg, spinal and bulbar muscular	Yes	No
<mark>81174</mark>	atrophy, Kennedy disease, X chromosome inactivation) gene	163	NO
	analysis; known familial variant		
	ASXL1 (additional sex combs like 1, transcriptional regulator)	Yes	Yes
01175	(e.g., myelodysplastic syndrome, myeloproliferative		
81175	neoplasms, chronic myelomonocytic leukemia) gene analysis;		
	full gene sequence		
	ASXL1 (additional sex combs like 1, transcriptional regulator)	Yes	Yes
81176	(e.g., myelodysplastic syndrome, myeloproliferative		
	neoplasms, chronic myelomonocytic leukemia) gene analysis;		
	targeted sequence analysis (e.g., exon 12) ATN1 (atrophin 1) (e.g., dentatorubral-pallidoluysian atrophy)	Yes	Yes
81177	gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded)	163	163
01177	alleles		
04470	ATXN1 (ataxin 1) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis,	Yes	Yes
81178	evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles		
81179	ATXN2 (ataxin 2) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis,	Yes	Yes
81179	evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) allele		
	ATXN3 (ataxin 3) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia, Machado-	Yes	Yes
81180	Joseph disease) gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal		
	(e.g., expanded) alleles  ATXN7 (ataxin 7) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis,	Yes	Yes
81181	evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles	res	res
	ATXN8OS (ATXN8 opposite strand [non-protein coding]) (e.g.,	Yes	Yes
81182	spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to detect	. 65	1.00
	abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles		
01102	ATXN10 (ataxin 10) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis,	Yes	Yes
81183	evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles		
	CNBP (CCHC-type zinc finger nucleic acid binding protein) (e.g.,	Yes	Yes
81187	myotonic dystrophy type 2) gene analysis, evaluation to detect		
	abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles	V	V
81188	CSTB (cystatin B) (e.g., Unverricht-Lundborg disease) gene analysis; evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded)	Yes	Yes
01100	alleles		
	CSTB (cystatin B) (e.g., Unverricht-Lundborg disease) gene	Yes	Yes
81189	analysis; full gene sequence	. 65	1.00
01400	CSTB (cystatin B) (eg, Unverricht-Lundborg disease) gene	Yes	No
<mark>81190</mark>	analysis; known familial variant(s)		
	ASPA (aspartoacylase) (e.g., Canavan disease) gene analysis,	Yes	Yes
81200	common variants (e.g., E285A, Y231X) (ASPA genetic analysis,		
	CANW, or Canavan disease mutation analysis)		
04.004	APC (adenomatous polyposis coli) (e.g., familial adenomatous	Yes	Yes
81201	polyposis [FAP], attenuated FAP) gene analysis; full gene		
	sequence		



<u>Procedure</u>		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	<u>Description</u>		
<u> </u>	APC (adenomatous polyposis coli) (e.g., familial adenomatous	Yes	Yes
81202	polyposis [FAP], attenuated FAP) gene analysis; known familial		
	variants		
	APC (adenomatous polyposis coli) (e.g., familial adenomatous	Yes	Yes
81203	polyposis [FAP], attenuated FAP) gene analysis;		
	duplication/deletion variants		
	AR (androgen receptor) (e.g., spinal and bulbar muscular		
81204	atrophy, Kennedy disease, X chromosome inactivation) gene		
0220.	analysis; characterization of alleles (e.g., expanded size or		
	methylation status)		
	BCKDHB (branched-chain keto acid dehydrogenase E1, beta	Yes	Yes
81205	polypeptide) (e.g., Maple syrup urine disease) gene analysis,		
	common variants (e.g., R183P, G278S, E422X)		V
81206	BCR/ABL1 (t(9:22)) (e.g., chronic myelogenous leukemia)	Yes	Yes
81200	translocation analysis; major breakpoint, qualitative or quantitative		
	BCR/ABL1 (t(9;22)) (e.g., chronic myelogenous leukemia)	Yes	Yes
81207	translocation analysis; minor breakpoint qualitative or	163	163
01207	quantitative		
	BCR/ABL1 (t(9;22)) (e.g., chronic myelogenous leukemia)	Yes	Yes
81208	translocation analysis; other breakpoint, qualitative or		
	quantitative		
01200	BLM (Bloom Syndrome, RecQ helicase-like) (e.g., Bloom	Yes	Yes
81209	Syndrome) gene analysis, 2281del6ins7 variant		
81210	BRAF (B-Raf proto-oncogene, serine/threonine kinase) (e.g.,	Yes	Yes
81210	colon cancer, melanoma), gene analysis, V600 variants		
	BRCA1 (BRCA1, DNA repair associated), BRCA2 (BRCA2, DNA	Yes	Yes
81212	repair associated) (e.g., hereditary breast and ovarian cancer)		
	gene analysis; 185delAG, 5385insC, 6174delT variants		
81215	BRCA1 (BRCA1, DNA repair associated) (e.g., hereditary breast	Yes	Yes
	and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; known familial variant		
81216	BRCA2 (BRCA2, DNA repair associated) (e.g., hereditary breast	Yes	Yes
	and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; full sequence analysis		
81217	BRCA2 (BRCA2, DNA repair associated) (e.g., hereditary breast	Yes	Yes
	and ovarian cancer) gene analysis; known familial variant CEBPA (CCAAT/enhancer binding protein [C/EBP], alpha) (e.g.,	Vac	Voc
81218	acute myeloid leukemia), gene analysis, full gene sequence	Yes	Yes
	CALR (calreticulin) (e.g., myeloproliferative disorders), gene	Yes	Yes
81219	analysis, common variants in exon 9	163	163
	CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator)	Yes	Yes
81221	(e.g., cystic fibrosis) gene analysis; known familial variants	163	1.03
	CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator)	Yes	Yes
81222	(e.g., cystic fibrosis) gene analysis; duplication/deletion	- 55	
	variants		
04.222	CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator)	Yes	Yes
81223	(e.g., cystic fibrosis) gene analysis; full gene sequence		



Procedure		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
<u>Procedure</u>	Description		
<u>Code</u>			••
04.004	CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator)	Yes	Yes
81224	(e.g., cystic fibrosis) gene analysis; intron 8 poly-T analysis		
	(e.g., male infertility)	V	V
04.225	Cyp2C19 (cytochrome p450, family 2, subfamily c, polypeptide	Yes	Yes
81225	19) (e.g., drug metabolism), gene analysis, common variants		
	(e.g., *2, *3, *4, *8, *17)	Vac	Voc
	CYP2D6 (cytochrome P450, family 2, subfamily D, polypeptide 6) (e.g., drug metabolism), gene analysis, common variants	Yes	Yes
81226	(e.g., *2, *3, *4, *5, *6, *9, *10, *17, *19, *29, *35, *41, *1XN,		
	(e.g., 2, 3, 4, 3, 6, 9, 10, 17, 19, 29, 33, 41, 1XN, 22, 33, 41, 1XN,		
	Cytogenomic constitutional (genome-wide) microarray	Yes	Yes
	analysis; interrogation of genomic regions for copy number	163	163
81228	variants (e.g., bacterial artificial chromosome [BAC] or oligo-		
01220	based comparative genomic hybridization [CGH] microarray		
	analysis		
	Cytogenomic constitutional (genome-wide) microarray	Yes	Yes
04220	analysis; Interrogation of genomic regions for copy number		
81229	and single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) variants for		
	chromosoma: abnormalities		
	DPYD (dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase) (eg, 5-	Yes	Yes
81232	fluorouracil/5-FU and capecitabine drug metabolism), gene		
	analysis, common variant(s) (e.g., *2A, *4, *5, *6)		
	BTK (Bruton's tyrosine kinase) (e.g., chronic lymphocytic	Yes	Yes
81233	leukemia) gene analysis, common variants (eg, C481S, C481R,		
	C481F)		
	DMPK (DM1 protein kinase) (e.g., myotonic dystrophy type 1)	Yes	Yes
81234	gene analysis; evaluation to detect abnormal (expanded)		
	alleles		
04225	EGFR (epidermal growth factor receptor) (e.g., non-small cell	Yes	Yes
81235	lung cancer) gene analysis, common variants (e.g. exon 19		
	LREA deletion, L858R, T790M, G719A, G719S, L861Q) EZH2 (enhancer of zeste 2 polycomb repressive complex 2	Yes	Yes
81236	subunit) (eg, myelodysplastic syndrome, myeloproliferative	163	163
81230	neoplasms) gene analysis, full gene sequence		
	EZH2 (enhancer of zeste 2 polycomb repressive complex 2	Yes	Yes
81237	subunit) (eg, diffuse large B-cell lymphoma) gene analysis,	163	163
01207	common variant(s) (eg, codon 646)		
•4555	F9 (coagulation factor IX) (e.g. hemophilia B) full gene	Yes	Yes
81238	sequence		
04330	DMPK (DM1 protein kinase) (eg, myotonic dystrophy type 1)	Yes	Yes
81239	gene analysis; characterization of alleles (eg, expanded size)		
91240	F2 (prothrombin, coagulation factor II) (e.g., hereditary	No	Yes
81240	hypercoagulability) gene analysis, 20210G>A variant		
81241	F5 (coagulation factor V) (e.g., hereditary hypercoagulabulity)	Yes	Yes
01271	gene analysis, Leiden variant.		



Procedure		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	<u>Description</u>		
81242	FANCC (Fanconi Anemia, complementation group C) (e.g., Fanconi Anemia, type C) gene analysis, common variant (e.g., IVS4+4A>T)	Yes	Yes
81243	FMR1 (fragile X mental retardation 1) (e.g., fragile X mental retardation) gene analysis; evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles	Yes	Yes
81244	FMR1 (fragile X mental retardation 1) (e.g., fragile X mental retardation) gene analysis; characterization of alleles (e.g., expanded size and promoter methylation status)	Yes	Yes
81245	FLT3 (fms-related tyrosine kinase 3) (e.g., acute myeloid leukemia), gene analysis; internal tandem duplication (ITD) variants (i.e., exons 14, 15)	Yes	Yes
81247	G6PD (glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase) (e.g., hemolytic anemia, jaundice) gene analysis; common variant(s) (e.g., A, A)	Yes	Yes
<mark>81248</mark>	G6PD (glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase) (e.g., hemolytic anemia, jaundice) gene analysis; known familial variant(s)	Yes	No
81249	G6PD (glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase) (e.g., hemolytic anemia, jaundice) gene analysis; full gene sequence	Yes	Yes
81250	G6PD (glucose-6-phosphatase, catalytic subunit) (e.g., Glycogen storage disease, Type 1a, Von Gierke disease) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., R83C, Q347X)	Yes	Yes
81251	GBA (glucosidase, beta, acid) (e.g., Gaucher disease) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., N370S, 84GG, L444P, IVS2+1G>A)	Yes	Yes
81252	GJB2 (gap junction protein, beta 2, 26kDa, connexin 26) (e.g., nonsyndromic hearing loss) gene analysis; full gene sequence	Yes	Yes
81253	GJB2 (gap junction protein, beta 2, 26kDa, connexin 26) (e.g., nonsyndromic hearing loss) gene analysis; known familial variants	Yes	No
81254	GJB6 (gap junction protein, beta 6, 30kDa, connexin 30) (e.g., nonsyndromic hearing loss) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., 309kb [del(GJB6-D13S1830)] and 232 kb [del(GJB6-D13S1854)])	Yes	Yes
81255	HEXA (hexosaminidase A [alpha polypeptide]) (e.g., Tay-Sachs disease) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., 1278insTATC, 1421+1G>C, G269S)	Yes	Yes
81256	HFE (hemochromatosis) (e.g., hereditary hemochromatosis) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., C282Y, H63D)	Yes	Yes
81257	HBA1/HBA2 (alpha globin 1 and alpha globin 2) (e.g., alpha thalassemia, Hb Bart hydrops fetalis syndrome, HbH disease) gene analysis, for common deletions or variant (e.g., Southeast Asian, Thai, Filipino, Mediterranean, alpha3.7, alpha4.2 alpha20.5, Constant Spring)	Yes	Yes



Procedure		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	Description		
<u>coue</u>		Ves	NI.
81258	HBA1/HBA2 (alpha globin 1 and alpha globin 2) (e.g., alpha	Yes	No
	thalassemia, Hb Bart hydrops fetalis syndrome, HbH disease),		
	gene analysis; known familial variant	V	
04350	HBA1/HBA2 (alpha globin 1 and alpha globin 2) (e.g., alpha	Yes	Yes
81259	thalassemia, Hb Bart hydrops fetalis syndrome, HbH disease),		
	gene analysis; full gene sequence	V	
	IKBKAP (inhibitor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in	Yes	Yes
81260	B-cells, kinase complex-associated protein) (e.g., familial		
	dysautonomia) gene analysis, common variants (e.g.,		
	2507+6T>C, R696P)	W	V
	Comparative analysis using Short Tandem Repeat (STR)	Yes	Yes
	makers; patient and comparative specimen (e.g., pre-		
81265	transplant recipient and donor germline testing, post-		
	transplant non-hematopoietic recipient germline [e.g., buccal		
	swab or other germline tissue sample] and donor testing, twin		
	zygosity testing, or maternal cell contamination of fetal cells)	Vas	V <sub>2</sub> -
	Comparative analysis using Short Tandem Repeat (STR)	Yes	Yes
81266	markers; each additional specimen) e.g., additional cord blood		
	donor, additional fetal samples from different cultures, or		
	additional zygosity in multiple birth pregnancies)	Van	Van
04260	HBA1/HBA2 (alpha globin 1 and alpha globin 2) (e.g., alpha	Yes	Yes
81269	thalassemia, Hb Bart hydrops fetalis syndrome, HbH disease),		
	gene analysis; duplication/deletion variants	Van	V
81270	JAK2 (Janus kinase 2) (e.g., myeloproliferative disorder) gene	Yes	Yes
	analysis, p.Val617Phe (V617F) variant	V	
81271	HTT (huntingtin) (e.g., Huntington disease) gene analysis;	Yes	Yes
	evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles	V	
	KIT (v-kit Hardy-Zuckerman 4 feline sarcoma viral oncogene	Yes	Yes
81272	homolog) (e.g., gastrointestinal stromal tumor [GIST], acute		
	myeloid leukemia, melanoma), gene analysis, targeted		
	sequence analysis (e.g., exons 8, 11, 13, 17, 18)	Voc	Voc
81273	KIT (v-kit Hardy-Zuckerman 4 feline sarcoma viral oncogene	Yes	Yes
	homolog) (e.g., mastocytosis), gene analysis, D816 variant(s)	Yes	Voc
81274	HTT (huntingtin) (e.g., Huntington disease) gene analysis; characterization of alleles (e.g., expanded size)	res	Yes
	KRAS (Kirsten rat sarcoma viral oncogene homolog) (e.g.	Yes	Voc
81275	carcinoma) gene analysis, variants in exon, (e.g., codons 12	165	Yes
012/3	and 13)		
	KRAS (Kirsten rat sarcoma viral oncogene homolog) (e.g.,	Yes	Yes
91276		res	165
81276	carcinoma) gene analysis; additional variant(s) (e.g., codon 61, codon 146)		
		No	Yes
81283	IFNL3 (interferon, lambda 3) (eg, drug response), gene analysis, rs12979860 variant	No	162
_	FXN (frataxin) (e.g., Friedreich ataxia) gene analysis;	Yes	Voc
81284		res	Yes
	evaluation to detect abnormal (expanded) alleles		



Procedure		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	<u>Description</u>		
	FXN (frataxin) (e.g., Friedreich ataxia) gene analysis;	Yes	Yes
81285	characterization of alleles (e.g., expanded size)		
04206	FXN (frataxin) (e.g., Friedreich ataxia) gene analysis; full gene	Yes	Yes
81286	sequence		
81287	MGMT (0-6-methylguanine-DNA methyltransferase) (e.g.,	Yes	Yes
81287	glioblastoma multiforme), methylation analysis		
	MLH1 (mutL homolog 1, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 2)	Yes	Yes
81288	(e.g., hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch		
	syndrome) gene analysis; promoter methylation analysis		
<mark>81289</mark>	FXN (frataxin) (eg, Friedreich ataxia) gene analysis; known	Yes	No
<u>01203</u>	familial variant(s)		
81290	MCOLN1 (mucolipin 1) (e.g., Mucolipidosis, type IV) gene	Yes	Yes
	analysis, common variants (e.g., IVS3-2A>G, del6, 4kb)		
	MLH1 (mutL homolog 1, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 2)	Yes	Yes
81292	(e.g., hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch		
	syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis		
04202	MLH1 (mutL homolog 1, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 2)	Yes	Yes
81293	(e.g., hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch		
	syndrome) gene analysis; known familial variants	Yes	Yes
81294	MLH1 (mutL homolog 1, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 2) (e.g., hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch	res	res
01294	syndrome) gene analysis; duplication/deletion variants		
	MSH2 (mutS homolog 2, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1)	Yes	Yes
81295	(e.g., hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch	163	163
01233	syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis		
	MSH2 (mutS homolog 2, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1)	Yes	Yes
81296	(e.g., hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch		
	syndrome) gene analysis; known familial variants		
	MSH2 (mutS homolog 2, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1)	Yes	Yes
81297	(e.g., hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch		
	syndrome) gene analysis; duplication/deletion variants		
	MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. Coli]) (e.g., hereditary non-	Yes	Yes
81298	polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis;		
	full sequence analysis		
	MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (e.g., hereditary non-	Yes	Yes
81299	polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis;		
	known familial variants		
	MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (e.g., hereditary non-	Yes	Yes
81300	polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis;		
	duplication/deletion variants		
	Microsatellite instability analysis (e.g., hereditary non-	Yes	Yes
81301	polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) of markers for		
-	mismatch repair deficiency (e.g., BAT25, BAT26), includes		
	comparison of neoplastic and normal tissue, if performed		
81302	MECP2 (methyl CpG binding protein 2) (e.g., Rett syndrome)	Yes	Yes
	gene analysis; full sequence analysis		



<u>Procedure</u>		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	<u>Description</u>		
81303	MECP2 (methyl CpG binding protein 2) (e.g., Rett syndrome) gene analysis; known familial variant	Yes	Yes
81304	Mecp2 (methyl cpg binding protein 2) (e.g., Rett syndrome) gene analysis; duplication/deletion variants	Yes	Yes
81305	MYD88 (myeloid differentiation primary response 88) (e.g, Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia, lymphoplasmacytic leukemia) gene analysis, p.Leu265Pro (L265P) variant	Yes	Yes
81310	NPM1 (nucleophosmin) (e.g., acute myeloid leukemia) gene analysis, exon 12 variants	Yes	Yes
81311	NRAS (neuroblastoma RAS viral [v-ras] oncogene homolog) (e.g., colorectal carcinoma), gene analysis, variants in exon 2 (e.g., codons 12 and 13) and exon 3 (e.g., codon 61)	Yes	Yes
81312	PABPN1 (poly[A] binding protein nuclear 1) (e.g., oculopharyngeal muscular dystrophy) gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles	Yes	Yes
81315	PML/RARalpha, (t(15;17)), (promyelocytic leukemia/retinoic acid receptor alpha) (e.g., promyelocytic leukemia) translocation analysis; common breakpoints (e.g., intron 3 and intron 6), qualitative or quantitative	Yes	Yes
81316	PML/RARalpha, (t(15;17)), (promyelocytic leukemia/retinoic acid receptor alpha) (e.g., promyelocytic leukemia) translocation analysis; single breakpoint (e.g., intron 3, intron 6 or exon 6), qualitative or quantitative	Yes	Yes
81317	PMS2 (postmeiotic segregation increased 2 [S. cerevisiae]) (e.g., hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis	Yes	Yes
81318	PMS2 (postmeiotic segregation increased 2 [S. cerevisiae]) (e.g., hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; known familial variants	Yes	Yes
81319	PMS2 (postmeiotic segregation increased 2 [S. cerevisiae]) (e.g., hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; duplication/deletion variants	Yes	Yes
81320	PLCG2 (phospholipase C gamma 2) (e.g., chronic lymphocytic leukemia) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., R665W, S707F, L845F)	Yes	Yes
81321	PTEN (phosphatase and tensin homolog) (e.g., Cowden syndrome, PTEN hamartoma tumor syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis	Yes	Yes
81322	PTEN (phosphatase and tensin homolog) (e.g., Cowden syndrome, PTEN hamartoma tumor syndrome) gene analysis; known familial variant	Yes	Yes
81323	PTEN (phosphatase and tensin homolog) (e.g., Cowden syndrome, PTEN hamartoma tumor syndrome) gene analysis; duplication/deletion variant	Yes	Yes



Procedure		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	<u>Description</u>		
<u> </u>	PMP22 (peripheral myelin protein 22) (e.g., Charcot-Marie-	Yes	Yes
81324	Tooth, hereditary neuropathy with liability to pressure palsies)		
	gene analysis; duplication/deletion analysis		
	PMP22 (peripheral myelin protein 22) (e.g., Charcot-Marie-	Yes	Yes
81325	Tooth, hereditary neuropathy with liability to pressure palsies)		
	gene analysis; full sequence analysis		
	PMP22 (peripheral myelin protein 22) (e.g., Charcot-Marie-	Yes	Yes
81326	Tooth, hereditary neuropathy with liability to pressure palsies)		
	gene analysis; known familial variant		
	SLCO1B1 (solute carrier organic anion transporter family,	Yes	Yes
81328	member 1B1) (e.g., adverse drug reaction) gene analysis,		
	common variant(s) (e.g., *5)		
	SMN1 (survival of motor neuron 1, telomeric) (e.g., spinal	Yes	Yes
04220	muscular atrophy) gene analysis; dosage/deletion analysis		
81329	(e.g., carrier testing), includes SMN2 (survival of motor neuron		
	2, centromeric) analysis, if performed		
	SMPD1 (sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase 1, acid lysosomal)	Yes	Yes
81330	(e.g., Niemann-Pick disease, Type A) gene analysis, common		
	variants (e.g., R496L, L302P, fsP330)		
	SNRPN/UBE3A (small nuclear ribonucleoprotein polypeptide N	Yes	Yes
81331	and ubiquitin protein ligase E3A) (e.g., Prader-Willi syndrome		
	and/or Angelman syndrome), methylation analysis		
	TGFBI (transforming growth factor beta-induced) (e.g., corneal	Yes	Yes
81333	dystrophy) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., R124H,		
	R124C, R124L, R555W, R555Q)		
	RUNX1 (runt related transcription factor 1) (e.g., acute	Yes	Yes
81334	myeloid leukemia, familial platelet disorder with associated		
01334	myeloid malignancy) gene analysis, targeted sequence analysis		
	(e.g., exons 3-8)		
81335	TPMT (thiopurine S-methyltransferase) (e.g., drug	Yes	Yes
61333	metabolism) gene analysis, common variants (e.g., *2, *3)		
81336	SMN1 (survival of motor neuron 1, telomeric) (e.g., spinal	Yes	Yes
01330	muscular atrophy) gene analysis; full gene sequence		
	SMN1 (survival of motor neuron 1, telomeric) (eg, spinal	Yes	No
<mark>81337</mark>	muscular atrophy) gene analysis; known familial sequence		
	variant(s)		
	PPP2R2B (protein phosphatase 2 regulatory subunit Bbeta)	Yes	Yes
81343	(e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to		
	detect abnormal (e.g., expanded) alleles		
	TBP (TATA box binding protein) (e.g., spinocerebellar ataxia)	Yes	Yes
81344	gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (e.g., expanded)		
	alleles		
-4	TERT (telomerase reverse transcriptase) (eg, thyroid	Yes	Yes
81345	carcinoma, glioblastoma multiforme) gene analysis, targeted		
	sequence analysis (eg, promoter region)		



Procedure		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	<u>Description</u>		
81346	TYMS (thymidylate synthetase) (eg, 5-fluorouracil/5-FU drug metabolism), gene analysis, common variant(s) (eg, tandem repeat variant)	No	Yes
81350	UGT1A1 (UDP glucuronosyltransferase 1 family, polypeptide A1) (e.g., irinotecan metabolism), gene analysis, common variants (e.g., *28, *36, *37)	Yes	Yes
81361	HBB (hemoglobin, subunit beta) (e.g., sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, hemoglobinopathy); common variant(s) (e.g., HbS, HbC, HbE)	Yes	Yes
<mark>81362</mark>	HBB (hemoglobin, subunit beta) (e.g., sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, hemoglobinopathy); known familial variant(s)	Yes	No
81363	HBB (hemoglobin, subunit beta) (e.g., sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, hemoglobinopathy); duplication/deletions variant(s)	Yes	Yes
81364	HBB (hemoglobin, subunit beta) (e.g., sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, hemoglobinopathy); full gene sequence	Yes	Yes
81381	HLA Class I typing, high resolution (i.e., alleles or allele groups); one allele or allele group (e.g., B*57:01P), each	Yes	Yes
81400	MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY PROCEDURE LEVEL 1These tests are used to analyze nucleic acid for abnormalities that may be indicative of a variety of disorders. Cell lysis, nucleic acid stabilization, extraction, digestion, amplification, and detection are included in the molecular pathology procedure codes. Any procedures prior to cell lysis may be reported separately. Code selection is dependent upon the gene and the specific mutation examined	Yes	Yes
81401	MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY PROCEDURE LEVEL 2 These tests are used to analyze nucleic acid for abnormalities that may be indicative of a variety of disorders. Cell lysis, nucleic acid stabilization, extraction, digestion, amplification, and detection are included in the molecular pathology procedure codes. Any procedures prior to cell lysis may be reported separately. Code selection is dependent upon the gene and the specific mutation examined	Yes	Yes
81402	MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY PROCEDURE LEVEL 3 These tests are used to analyze nucleic acid for abnormalities that may be indicative of a variety of disorders. Cell lysis, nucleic acid stabilization, extraction, digestion, amplification, and detection are included in the molecular pathology procedure codes. Any procedures prior to cell lysis may be reported separately. Code selection is dependent upon the gene and the specific mutation examined	Yes	Yes



<u>Procedure</u>		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	Description	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
81403	MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY PROCEDURE LEVEL 4These tests are used to analyze nucleic acid for abnormalities that may be indicative of a variety of disorders. Cell lysis, nucleic acid stabilization, extraction, digestion, amplification, and detection are included in the molecular pathology procedure codes. Any procedures prior to cell lysis may be reported separately. Code selection is dependent upon the gene and	Yes	Yes
81404	the specific mutation examined  MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY PROCEDURE LEVEL 5 These tests are used to analyze nucleic acid for abnormalities that may be indicative of a variety of disorders. Cell lysis, nucleic acid stabilization, extraction, digestion, amplification, and detection are included in the molecular pathology procedure codes. Any procedures prior to cell lysis may be reported separately. Code selection is dependent upon the gene and the specific mutation examined	Yes	Yes
81405	MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY PROCEDURE LEVEL 6 These tests are used to analyze nucleic acid for abnormalities that may be indicative of a variety of disorders. Cell lysis, nucleic acid stabilization, extraction, digestion, amplification, and detection are included in the molecular pathology procedure codes. Any procedures prior to cell lysis may be reported separately. Code selection is dependent upon the gene and the specific mutation examined	Yes	Yes
81406	MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY PROCEDURE LEVEL 7 These tests are used to analyze nucleic acid for abnormalities that may be indicative of a variety of disorders. Cell lysis, nucleic acid stabilization, extraction, digestion, amplification, and detection are included in the molecular pathology procedure codes. Any procedures prior to cell lysis may be reported separately. Code selection is dependent upon the gene and the specific mutation examined	Yes	Yes
81407	MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY PROCEDURE LEVEL 8These tests are used to analyze nucleic acid for abnormalities that may be indicative of a variety of disorders. Cell lysis, nucleic acid stabilization, extraction, digestion, amplification, and detection are included in the molecular pathology procedure codes. Any procedures prior to cell lysis may be reported separately. Code selection is dependent upon the gene and the specific mutation examined	Yes	Yes



Procedure		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	<u>Description</u>		
81408	MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY PROCEDURE LEVEL 9These tests are used to analyze nucleic acid for abnormalities that may be indicative of a variety of disorders. Cell lysis, nucleic acid stabilization, extraction, digestion, amplification, and detection are included in the molecular pathology procedure codes. Any procedures prior to cell lysis may be reported separately. Code selection is dependent upon the gene and the specific mutation examined	Yes	Yes
81412	Ashkenazi Jewish associated disorders (e.g., Bloom syndrome, Canavan disease, cystic fibrosis, familial dysautonomia, Fanconi anemia group C, Gaucher disease, Tay-Sachs disease), genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 9 genes, including ASPA, BLM, CFTR, FANCC, GBA, HEXA, IKBKAP, MCOLN1, and SMPD1	Yes	Yes
81413	Cardiac ion channelopathies (e.g., Brugada syndrome, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia); genomic sequence analysis panel, must include at least 10 genes including ANK2, CASQ2, CAV3, KCNE1, KCNE2,, KCNH2, KCNJ2, KCNQ1, RYR2 AND SCN5A	Yes	Yes
81414	Cardiac ion channelopathies (e.g., Brugada syndrome, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia); duplication/deletion gene analysis panel must include at least 2 genes, to include KCNH2 and KCNQ1	Yes	Yes
81415	Exome (e.g., unexplained constitutional or heritable disorder or syndrome); sequence analysis	Yes	Yes
81416	Exome (e.g., unexplained constitutional or heritable disorder or syndrome); sequence analysis, each comparator exome (e.g., parents, siblings) (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)	Yes	Yes
81417	Exome (e.g., unexplained constitutional or heritable disorder or syndrome); re-evaluation of previously obtained exome sequence (eg, updated knowledge or unrelated condition/syndrome)	Yes	Yes
81420	Fetal chromosomal aneuploidy (e.g., trisomy 21, monosomy X) genomic sequence analysis panel, circulating cell-free fetal DNA in maternal blood, must include analysis of chromosomes 13, 18, and 21	Yes	Yes
81430	Hearing loss (e.g., nonsyndromic hearing loss, Usher syndrome, Pendred syndrome); genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 60 genes, including CDH23, CLRN1, GJB2, GPR98, MTRNR1, MYO7A, MYO15A, PCDH15, OTOF, SLC26A4, TMC1, TMPRSS3, USH1C, USH1G, USH2A, and WFS1	Yes	Yes



Procedure		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
	Description		171101 22, 2, 2023
<u>Code</u>		Vee	Vee
81431	Hearing loss (e.g., nonsyndromic hearing loss, Usher	Yes	Yes
	syndrome, Pendred syndrome); duplication/deletion analysis		
	panel, must include copy number analyses for STRC and DFNB1 deletions in GJB2 and GJB6 genes		
	Hereditary breast cancer-related disorders (e.g., hereditary	Yes	Yes
81432	breast cancer, hereditary ovarian cancer, hereditary	res	res
	endometrial cancer); genomic sequence analysis panel, must		
	include sequencing of at least 10 genes, including ATM,		
	BRCA1, BRCA2, BRIP1, CDH1, MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, NBN,		
	PALB2, PTEN, RAD51C, STK11, and TP53		
	Hereditary breast cancer-related disorders (e.g., hereditary	Yes	Yes
	breast cancer, hereditary ovarian cancer, hereditary	163	163
81433	endometrial cancer); duplication/deletion analysis panel, must		
	include analyses for BRCA1, BRCA2, MLH1, MSH2, and STK11		
	Hereditary retinal disorders (e.g., retinitis pigmentosa, Leber	Yes	Yes
	congenital amaurosis, cone-rod dystrophy), genomic sequence	163	163
81434	analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 15 genes,		
02.0.	including ABCA4, CNGA1, CRB1, EYS, PDE6A, PDE6B, PRPF31,		
	PRPH2, RDH12, RHO, RP1, RP2, RPE65, RPGR, and USH2A		
	Hereditary colon cancer disorders (e.g., Lynch syndrome, PTEN	Yes	Yes
	hamartoma syndrome, Cowden syndrome, familial		
	adenomatous polyposis); genomic sequence analysis panel,		
81435	must include sequencing of at least 10 genes, including APC,		
	BMPR1A, CDH1, MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, MUTYH, PTEN, SMAD4,		
	and STK11		
	Hereditary colon cancer disorders (e.g., Lynch syndrome, PTEN	Yes	Yes
	hamartoma syndrome, Cowden syndrome, familial		
81436	adenomatous polyposis); duplication/deletion analysis panel,		
	must include analysis of at least 5 genes, including MLH1,		
	MSH2, EPCAM, SMAD4, and STK11		
	Hereditary neuroendocrine tumor disorders (e.g., medullary	Yes	Yes
	thyroid carcinoma, parathyroid carcinoma, malignant		
81437	pheochromocytoma or paraganglioma); genomic sequence		
	analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 6 genes,		
	including MAX, SDHB, SDHC, SDHD, TMEM127, and VHL		
81438	Hereditary neuroendocrine tumor disorders (e.g., medullary	Yes	Yes
	thyroid carcinoma, parathyroid carcinoma, malignant		
	pheochromocytoma or paraganglioma); duplication/deletion		
	analysis panel, must include analyses for SDHB, SDHC, SDHD,		
	and VHL		
	Hereditary cardiomyopathy (e.g., hypertrophic	Yes	Yes
81439	cardiomyopathy, dilated cardiomyopathy, arrhythmogenic		
	right ventricular cardiomyopathy) genomic sequence analysis		
	panel, must include sequencing of at least 5 genes, (e.g. DSG2,		
	MYBPC3, MYH7, PKP2 and TTN		



<u>Procedure</u>		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	<u>Description</u>		
81442	Noonan spectrum disorders (e.g., Noonan syndrome, cardio- facio-cutaneous syndrome, Costello syndrome, LEOPARD syndrome, Noonan-like syndrome), genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 12 genes, including BRAF, CBL, HRAS, KRAS, MAP2K1, MAP2K2, NRAS, PTPN11, RAF1, RIT1, SHOC2, and SOS1	Yes	Yes
81443	Genetic testing for severe inherited conditions (e.g., cystic fibrosis, Ashkenazi Jewish-associated disorders [e.g., Bloom syndrome, Canavan disease, Fanconi anemia type C, mucolipidosis type VI, Gaucher disease, Tay-Sachs disease], beta hemoglobinopathies, phenylketonuria, galactosemia), genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 15 genes (eg, ACADM, ARSA, ASPA, ATP7B, BCKDHA, BCKDHB, BLM, CFTR, DHCR7, FANCC, G6PC, GAA, GALT, GBA, GBE1, HBB, HEXA, IKBKAP, MCOLN1, PAH)	Yes	Yes
81445	Targeted genomic sequence analysis panel, solid organ neoplasm, DNA analysis, and RNA analysis when performed, 5-50 genes (e.g., ALK, BRAF, CDKN2A, EGFR, ERBB2, KIT, KRAS, NRAS, MET, PDGFRA, PDGFRB, PGR, PIK3CA, PTEN, RET), interrogation for sequence variants and copy number variants or rearrangements, if performed	Yes	Yes
81448	Hereditary peripheral neuropathies panel (e.g., Charcot- Marie-Tooth, spastic paraplegia), genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 5 peripheral neuropathy-related genes (e.g., BSCL2, GJB1, MFN2, MPZ, REEP1, SPAST, SPG11, and SPTLC1)	Yes	Yes
81450	Targeted genomic sequence analysis panel, hematolymphoid neoplasm or disorder, DNA analysis, and RNA analysis when performed, 5-50 genes (e.g., BRAF, CEBPA, DNMT3A, EZH2, FLT3, IDH1, IDH2, JAK2, KRAS, KIT, MLL, NRAS, NPM1, NOTCH1), interrogation for sequence variants, and copy number variants or rearrangements, or isoform expression or mRNA expression levels, if performed	Yes	Yes
81455	Targeted genomic sequence analysis panel, solid organ or hematolymphoid neoplasm, DNA analysis, and RNA analysis when performed, 51 or greater genes (e.g., ALK, BRAF, CDKN2A, CEBPA, DNMT3A, EGFR, ERBB2, EZH2, FLT3, IDH1, IDH2, JAK2, KIT, KRAS, MLL, NPM1, NRAS, MET, NOTCH1, PDGFRA, PDGFRB, PGR, PIK3CA, PTEN, RET), interrogation for sequence variants and copy number variants or rearrangements, if performed	Yes	Yes



Procedure		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	<u>Description</u>		
81460	Whole mitochondrial genome (e.g., Leigh syndrome, mitochondrial encephalomyopathy, lactic acidosis, and strokelike episodes [MELAS], myoclonic epilepsy with ragged-red fibers [MERFF], neuropathy, ataxia, and retinitis pigmentosa [NARP], Leber hereditary optic neuropathy [LHON]), genomic sequence, must include sequence analysis of entire mitochondrial genome with heteroplasmy detection	Yes	Yes
81465	Whole mitochondrial genome large deletion analysis panel (e.g., Kearns-Sayre syndrome, chronic progressive external ophthalmoplegia), including heteroplasmy detection, if performed	Yes	Yes
81479	Unlisted molecular pathology procedure	Yes	Yes
81507	Fetal aneuploidy (trisomy 21, 18, and 13) DNA sequence analysis of selected regions using maternal plasma, algorithm reported as a risk score for each trisomy	Yes	Yes
81519	Oncology (breast), mRNA, gene expression profiling by real- time RT-PCR of 21 genes, utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue, algorithm reported as recurrence score	Yes	Yes
81520	Oncology (breast), mRNA gene expression profiling by hybrid capture of 58 genes (50 content and 8 housekeeping), utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as a recurrence risk score	Yes	Yes
81521	Oncology (breast), mRNA, microarray gene expression profiling of 70 content genes and 465 housekeeping genes, utilizing fresh frozen or formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as index related to risk of distant metastasis	Yes	Yes
81545	Oncology (thyroid), gene expression analysis of 142 genes, utilizing fine needle aspirate, algorithm reported as a categorical result (e.g., benign or suspicious)	Yes	Yes
81599	Unlisted multianalyte assay with algorithmic analysis	Yes	Yes
84999	Unlisted chemistry panel	Yes	Yes
86849	Unlisted immunology procedure	Yes	Yes
87901	Infectious agent genotype analysis by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); HIV-1 reverse transcriptase and protease regions	Yes	Yes
87903	Infectious agent phenotype analysis by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA) with drug resistance tissue culture analysis, HIV1; first through 10 drugs tested	Yes	Yes
87904	Infectious agent, phenotypic analysis by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA) with drug resistance tissue culture analysis, each additional drug tested (list separately in addition to code for primary procedure), used to report assays that help identify HIV antiviral drug resistance	Yes	Yes



Procedure		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	Description	17(1013)1/2013	17(10) 11/1/2015
<u>coue</u>	Infectious agent genotype, analysis by nucleic acid (DNA or	Yes	Yes
	RNA); HIV-1 other region (e.g., integrase, fusion), A line probe	162	res
87906	assay (LiPA) of HCV genotypes 1 through 6 and subtypes 1a		
07300	and 1b is utilized to determine the efficacy, dose, and duration		
	or treatment with common HCV drugs.		
87999	unlisted microbiology pathology procedure	Yes	Yes
88240	Cryopreservation, freezing and storage of cells, each cell line	Yes	Yes
88241	Thawing and expansion of frozen cells, each aliquot	Yes	Yes
00245	Chromosome analysis for breakage syndrome; baseline Sister	Yes	Yes
88245	Chromatid Exchange (SCE), 20-25 cells		
	Chromosome analysis for breakage syndromes; baseline	Yes	Yes
88248	breakage, score 50-100 cells, count 20 cells, 2 karyotypes (e.g.,		
	for ataxia telangiectasia, Fanconi anemia, Fragile X		
	Chromosome analysis for breakage syndromes; score 100	Yes	Yes
88249	cells, clastogen stress (e.g., diepoxybutane, mitomycin C,		
	ionizing radiation, UV radiation		
88261	Chromosome analysis; count 5 cells, 1 karyotype, with banding	Yes	Yes
88262	Chromosome analysis; count 15-20 cells, 2 karyotypes, with	Yes	Yes
	banding		
88263	Chromosome analysis; count 45 cells, 2 karyotypes, with	Yes	Yes
00264	Character and price and trace 20.25 cells	Vaa	Vaa
88264	Chromosome analysis; analyze 20-25 cells Chromosome analysis, amniotic fluid or chorionic villus, count	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
88267	15 cells, 1 karyotype, with banding	162	res
	Chromosome analysis, in situ for amniotic fluid cells, count	Yes	Yes
88269	cells from 6-12 colonies, 1 karotype with banding	163	163
88271	Molecular cytogenetics; DNA probe, each (e.g., FISH)	Yes	Yes
	Molecular cytogenetics; chromosomal in situ hybridization,	Yes	Yes
88272	analyze 3-5 cells (e.g., for derivatives and markers)		
00272	Molecular cytogenetics; chromosomal in situ hybridization,	Yes	Yes
88273	analyze 10-30 cells (e.g., for microdeletions)		
88274	Molecular cytogenetics; interphase in situ hybridization,	Yes	Yes
00274	analyze 25-99 cells		
88275	Molecular cytogenetics; interphase in situ hybridization,	Yes	Yes
	analyze 100-300 cells		
88280	Chromosome analysis; additional karyotypes, each study	Yes	Yes
88283	Chromosome analysis; additional specialized banding	Yes	Yes
	technique (e.g., NOR, C-banding)	•	.,
88285	Chromosome analysis; additional cell counted, each study	Yes	Yes
88289	Chromosome analysis; additional high-resolution study	Yes	Yes
88291	Cytogenetics and molecular cytogenetics, interpretation and report	Yes	Yes
	Examination and selection of retrieval archival (i.e.: previously	Yes	Yes
88363	diagnosed) tissue(s) for molecular analysis (e.g.: KRAS		
	mutational analysis)		
88399	Unlisted surgical pathology procedure	Yes	Yes



Procedure		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	<u>Description</u>		
89240	Unlisted miscellaneous pathology test	Yes	Yes
	Fetal aneuploidy (trisomy 21, and 18) DNA sequence analysis	Yes	Yes
0009M	of selected regions using maternal plasma, algorithm reported		
	as a risk score for each trisomy		
S3800	Genetic testing for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)	Yes	Yes
62040	DNA analysis for germline mutations of the RET proto-	Yes	Yes
S3840	oncogene for susceptibility to multiple endocrine neoplasia		
S3841	type 2 Genetic testing for retinoblastoma	Yes	Yes
S3842	Genetic testing for Von Hippel-Lindau disease	Yes	Yes
33842	DNA analysis of the connexin 26 gene (GJB2) for susceptibility	Yes	Yes
S3844	to congenital, profound deafness	163	163
S3845	Genetic testing for alpha thalassemia	Yes	Yes
S3846	Genetic testing for hemoglobin E beta-thalassemia	Yes	Yes
S3849	Genetic testing for Niemann-Pick disease	Yes	Yes
S3850	Genetic testing for sickle cell anemia	Yes	Yes
S3853	Genetic testing for muscular dystrophy	Yes	Yes
S3854	Gene expression profiling panel for use in the management of	Yes	Yes
33834	breast cancer treatment		
S3861	Genetic testing, sodium channel, voltage-gated, type V, alpha	Yes	Yes
33302	subunit (SCN5A) and variants for suspected Brugada Syndrome		
S3865	Comprehensive gene sequence analysis for hypertrophic cardiomyopathy	Yes	Yes
	Genetic analysis for a specific gene mutation for hypertrophic	Yes	Yes
S3866	cardiomyopathy (HCM) in an individual with a known HCM	163	163
	mutation in the family		
	Comparative genomic hybridization (CGH) microarray testing	Yes	Yes
S3870	for developmental delay, autism spectrum disorder,		
	intellectual disability and/or mental retardation		
	Oncology (hematolymphoid neoplasia), RNA, BCR/ABL1 major	No	Yes
	and minor breakpoint fusion transcripts, quantitative PCR		
	amplification, blood or bone marrow, report of fusion not		
0016U	detected or detected with quantitation		
	Proprietary test: BCR-ABL1 major and minor breakpoint fusion		
	transcripts		
	Lab/Manufacturer: University of Iowa, Department of		
	Pathology / Asuragen Oncology (hematolymphoid neoplasia), JAK2 mutation, DNA,	No	Yes
	PCR amplification of exons 12-14 and sequence analysis, blood	140	162
	or bone marrow, report of JAK2 mutation not detected or		
0017U	detected		
	Proprietary test: JAK2 Mutation		
	Lab/Manufacturer: University of Iowa, Department of		
	Pathology / Laboratory Developed Test		



<u>Procedure</u>		PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
Code	Description	17110137172013	17(10) 11/1/2013
<u>coue</u>	Targeted genomic sequence analysis panel, non-small cell lung	No	Yes
	neoplasia, DNA and RNA analysis, 23 genes, interrogation for	110	1.63
	sequence variants and rearrangements, reported as		
0022U	presence/absence of variants and associated therapy(ies) to		
	consider		
	Proprietary test: Oncomine™ Dx Target Test		
	Lab/Manufacturer: Thermo Fisher Scientific		
	Oncology (thyroid), DNA and mRNA of 112 genes, next-	No	Yes
	generation sequencing, fine needle aspirate of thyroid nodule,		
	algorithmic analysis reported as a categorical result ("Positive,		
0026U	high probability of malignancy" or "Negative, low probability		
	of malignancy")		
	Proprietary test: Thyroseq Genomic Classifier		
	Lab/Manufacturer: CBLPath, Inc / University of Pittsburgh Medical Center		
	JAK2 (Janus kinase 2) (e.g., myeloproliferative disorder) gene	No	Yes
	analysis, targeted sequence analysis exons 12-15	NO	163
<mark>0027U</mark>	Proprietary test: JAK2 Exons 12 to 15 Sequencing		
	Lab/Manufacturer: Mayo Clinic / Laboratory Developed Test		
	TPMT (thiopurine S-methyltransferase), NUDT15 (nudix	No	Yes
	hydroxylase 15)(eg, thiopurine metabolism) gene analysis,		
	common variants (ie, TPMT *2, *3A, *3B, *3C, *4, *5, *6, *8,		
0034U	*12; NUDT15 *3, *4, *5)		
	Proprietary test: Thiopurine Methyltransferase (TPMT) and		
	Nudix Hydrolase (NUDT15) Genotyping		
	Lab/Manufacturer: Mayo Clinic / Laboratory Developed Test		
	BCR/ABL1 (t(9;22)) (eg, chronic myelogenous leukemia)	No	Yes
0040U	translocation analysis, major breakpoint, quantitative		
	Proprietary test: MRDx BCR-ABL Test		
	Lab/Manufacturer: MolecularMD Oncology (uveal melanoma), mRNA, gene- expression profiling	No	Yes
	by real-time RT-PCR of 15 genes (12 content and 3	NO	163
	housekeeping genes), utilizing fine needle aspirate or		
0081U	formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported		
	as risk of metastasis		
	Proprietary test: DecisionDx®-UM		
	Lab/Manufacturer: Castle Biosciences, Inc		
	Hereditary colon cancer disorders (eg, Lynch syndrome, PTEN	No	Yes
	hamartoma syndrome, Cowden syndrome, familial		
0101U	adenomatosis polyposis), genomic sequence analysis panel		
	utilizing a combination of NGS, Sanger, MLPA, and array CGH,		
	with MRNA analytics to resolve variants of unknown		
	significance when indicated (15 genes [sequencing and		
	deletion/duplication, EPCAM and GREM1		
	[deletion/duplication only]) Proprietary test: ColoNext®, Ambry Genetics®		
	Lab/Manufacturer: Ambry Genetics®		
	Last Handiactarer. Ambity deficties		1



Procedure Code	<u>Description</u>	PA for 3/1/2019	PA for 11/1/2019
<mark>0102U</mark>	Hereditary breast cancer-related disorders (eg, hereditary breast cancer, hereditary ovarian cancer, hereditary endometrial cancer), genomic sequence analysis panel utilizing a combination of NGS, Sanger, MLPA, and array CGH, with MRNA analytics to resolve variants of unknown significance when indicated (17 genes [sequencing and deletion/duplication])  Proprietary test: BreastNext®, Ambry Genetics® Lab/Manufacturer: Ambry Genetics®	No	Yes
0103U	Hereditary ovarian cancer (eg, hereditary ovarian cancer, hereditary endometrial cancer), genomic sequence analysis panel utilizing a combination of NGS, Sanger, MLPA, and array CGH, with MRNA analytics to resolve variants of unknown significance when indicated (24 genes [sequencing and deletion/duplication], EPCAM [deletion/duplication only]) Proprietary test: OvaNext®, Ambry Genetics® Lab/Manufacturer: Ambry Genetics®	No	Yes

<sup>\*</sup> Current Procedural Terminology© American Medical Association

## Corporate Office Location

Avalon's corporate headquarters is located in Tampa, Florida. For more information about Avalon, go to the Avalon web site: <a href="https://www.Avalonhcs.com">www.Avalonhcs.com</a>.